

Diaspora Position Paper  
on the Conference Questionnaires on the SPLM/A Leadership Conference  
Consultation Conference in Pagak, South Sudan.

8-11 December 2014

Power Sharing:

Q1 What are your views on the ongoing IGAD lead peace process?

1. IGAD has failed to exclude Uganda from the negotiation peace process even though it has taken side on from this conflict
2. IGAD is not addressing the root causes of the conflict
3. IGAD is threatening the two parties to agree on power sharing deals that do not properly address the security concerns and granting a lasting peace

Q2 The IGAD is proposing Salva Kiir to lead the 30 months transitional period. What are your views on this proposal?

Our team agreed to have Salva Kiir lead the transitional period on some of the following conditions:

1. All executive powers must be exercised by the Prime Minister
2. The two arms must remain separate until the election is conducted
3. All revenues of the nation must be shared equally between the two arms
4. All foreign forces must leave the territories of the Republic of South Sudan immediately
5. AU must investigate and brought to justice those who were responsible for carrying the genocide against the Nuer Nation members in Juba

**Q3:** No to IGAD intervention

Violation of our state sovereignty

IGAD intervention will have negative impact and continuous suffering on civilians in South Sudan

It will also lead to regional war

**Q4:** No to UN declaration of South Sudan as a UN protectorate.

SPLA/M political sector must lobby permanent UN security members not to pass the bill for declaring South Sudan as the failed state.

Q5: parliamentary federal system of the governance. whereby the

- a. the prime minister shall be the head the of government and the president shall be the head of state with the confined duties to be ceremonial duties.
- b. The Ethiopian style of government would be helpful for the South Sudan federal government system.

Q6: Ans. Clear division of power

1. Between federal and states
2. between three level of government:
3. A;
  - a. Executive
  - b. parliament
  - c. judiciary

B; The New permanent constitution that will be done through public consultation.

Q7. SPLM/A Foreign policy

1. Commitment to peaceful resolutions of South Sudan crisis
2. SPLM/A has to deploy its representatives to major countries with influence in the peace process to educate and advocate on its behalf
3. SPLM/A should dispatch members from top leadership to the concern countries
4. Redouble its focus on the countries that are currently engaged on peace process and reach out to the countries with potential interest in peace process

Q8. Reorganization of SPLM/A

1. SPLM/A is source of the current crisis therefore it should be dissolved and a new party should be created which will represent value of the people of South Sudan
2. SPLM/A lost its vision and mission it is too deformed to be reformed therefore it should be dismantle
3. **Q3:** No to IGAD intervention
4. Violation of our state sovereignty
5. IGAD intervention will have negative impact and continuous suffering on civilians in South Sudan
6. It will also lead to regional war
7. **Q4:** No to UN declaration of South Sudan as a UN protectorate.
8. SPLA/M political sector must lobby permanent UN security members not to pass the bill for declaring South Sudan as the failed state.

Q9: Ans. There should be accountability and justice to

- a. Identify the root course of the conflict
- b. Bring the responsible party to justice
- c. compensation of the victims of the war
- d. there should be national reconciliation and dialog between the communities

**Q10:** First there was continuous violation of January 23<sup>rd</sup> Cessation of Hostilities agreement (CoH) and the other agreements that follow.

- e. Failure of IGAD to implement and monitor the January 23<sup>rd</sup> ceasefire agreement will force SPLM in Opposition to defend and protect its citizens.
- f. The SPLA/M will strongly demand IGAD members like Uganda and the rest to fully withdraw their troops from South Sudan. Failure to withdraw all foreign forces will lead to further bloodshed and instability.

Q11. Resources shall be mobilized in the following way: Part A and B

Part A

- 1. Fund raising events
- 2. Monthly financial contribution from the members and the friend of good will.
- 3. Mobilize finance, in kind donation; create small business that would generate small income for the movement.
- 4. Chairman of the finance and resources of mobilization committee should visit diaspora to mobilized people and resources.

Part B Management:

- 1. All funds should be directed to the account of the movement in Nairobi.
- 2. SSRRA should regularly updates, the contributors about their contributed funds received by the resource mobilization committee in Nairobi.
- 3. SSRRA staff in Diaspora to mobilize resources, donations, and none-food items
- 4. SSRRA office must be subjected to election.
- 5. The resources and mobilization committee should appoint financial expertise from the Diasporas.

Q12

- 1. Educate the public about the current bad governing system under Salva Kiir's regime
- 2. Educate the public about the insecurity that the South Sudanese are facing under Salva Kiir's regime
- 3. Educate the public about SPLM/A's visions of the country
- 4. Avoid tribalism practices and educate the public about the important of maintaining national unity
- 5. Encourage business and investment groups to assist in carrying out the development in South Sudan

Q13. Improve information and communication system

- 1. Creation of official SPLM/A website
- 2. Social media eg Facebook, tweeters etc..
- 3. Emailing system

#### 4. Other electronic communication

**Q14:** SPLA/M should open ways for humanitarian organisations interested to serve the suffering people of South Sudan in the rebel controlled areas.

5. The safety of humanitarian organisations and workers operating in South Sudan must be safeguarded.
6. SPLA/M should appoint competent and effective leaders of SSRRA who can lobby and advocate for more relief to be brought to South Sudan.

Q15. We endorsed the proposal to have President and the Prime Minister in the upcoming interim government of National Unity, however, we do not see the necessity of having three deputies for Prime Minister.

Q16. Our position on the proposal of the power sharing deal on the Prime Minister and the President's power remained the same.

**Q17:** We need two separate armies during the transitional period with equal powers and equal distribution of resources and training.

7. No disarmament for our non-military forces such as white army until the expiration of transitional period.

Q18. Intra – SPLM dialogue should continue as long as it does not interfere with peace process

**Q19:** First SPLA/M is for peace but if IGAD failed to address the root causes, our forces will continue to defend and protect the targeted civilians.

8. SPLA/M must also continue to mobilise both human resources and other resources that can help our movement and continue in defending our people in South Sudan.

**Q20:** Yes there is a problem with IGAD model.

9. We need to adopt the CPA two envelopes (humanitarian and political) model
10. Humanitarian must therefore operate independently from political wing.

Q21: there should be special autonomy to run their own affairs

ie, a. independence army

b. 90% of their local resources should be use for their local economic development

C. 10% to federal government

D. their own police

Q22. The producing states shall be given 70% of the oil revenues and the federal government shall be given 30%.

Q23: The current 29 minister should be reduce to 19 and the main ministerial positions shall be as follow

- a. minister of interior
- b. " media and broad casting
- c. " justice
- d. " finance and commerce or treasurer
- e. " defences
- f. " foreign affair
- g. " petroleum and mining
- h. " health
- i. " education
- j. " Agriculture and forestry/ environmental
- k. " physical infra construction
- l. " road and transport
- m. " electricity and water
- n. " cabinet affair
- o. " youth and sport
- p. " gender and social welfare
- q. " labour and civil serve
- r. " industry and insurance
- s. " of local bussineses

Q24. Agenda for the conference

Is it comprehensive?

There should be Nuer Community consultation to address the issue of Juba massacre.

25. Expectations

1. Unify consensus on peace process
2. Formation of military high command
3. Clear structures and guidelines on SPLM documents
4. Improve equitable access to humanitarian corridors and resources

## Security

Q23.

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- x. " " " " " " " " foreign affair
- y. " " " " " " " " petroleum and mining
- z. " " " " " " " " health
- aa. " " " " " " " " education
- bb. " " " " " " " " Agriculture and forestry/ environmental
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